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The Honorable Gabriel W. Gorenstein
United States Magistrate Judge
United States District Court
Southern District of New York
Daniel Patrick Moynihan United States Courthouse
500 Pearl Street
New York, New York 10007

VIA ECF

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Dear Judge Gorenstein:

We represent plaintiffs KCG Holdings, Inc. and KCG Americas LLC ("Plaintiffs" or "KCG") in the above-captioned matter. We write to respectfully request an extension to the revised expedited discovery schedule so-ordered by the Court on August 10, 2017 [ECF No. 73].

KCG Holdings, Inc. et al. v. Khandekar

1:17-civ-3533 (AJN) (GWG)

The proposed extension is well-warranted:

- Defendant's document requests are extraordinarily expansive. Plaintiffs have already undertaken extensive efforts to produce over 10,000 pages of documents in response to Defendant's First and Second Requests for Production. Yet Defendant is now demanding that Plaintiffs review an additional 80,000+ documents as part of this production. While Plaintiffs have not agreed to review the 80,000+ documents, there is simply no way that Plaintiffs can review potentially thousands of additional documents before the current document production deadline.
- Defendant's document requests are continuing. Defendant has continued to propound discovery requests that would require document production well after the current discovery deadline. While Defendant's counsel has acknowledged that these requests are untimely and improper under the prevailing case law, he has stated that he will seek judicial relief to force Plaintiffs to conduct additional discovery in response to these requests, to be completed before the current document production deadline.
- Defendant has refused to conduct electronic discovery outside of the forensic searches being conducted by an independent third-party vendor. Despite having access to Defendant's personal computer, iPad, phone and

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other electronic devices, Defendant has refused to conduct any electronic discovery, or produce documents from these sources, outside of the forensic searches being conducted for a different purpose (as part of a number of agreed preliminary restraints on Defendant), by an independent third-party IT vendor pursuant to the stipulation dated June 28, 2017 [ECF No. 31-1]. These forensic searches are incomplete, and Defendant has yet to produce a single electronic document. Thus, instead of Plaintiffs already having and being able to review Defendant's documents in preparation for depositions, it is likely that such documents will not be produced until after the discovery deadline, and after depositions are underway. This is improper, and the discovery schedule should be extended such that Plaintiffs receive Defendant's electronic documents with sufficient time to prepare for depositions.

- The current discovery schedule provides insufficient time between document production and depositions. When this schedule was first agreed to by the parties, it was believed that document discovery would be limited. Yet it has continued to grow, with Defendant requesting thousands of documents from Plaintiffs, and with Defendant having yet to review or make a production from the over 20,000 documents the independent IT vendor anticipates providing Defendant. The sheer mass of the documents now being produced makes the current five-day period between close of document discovery and the beginning of depositions plainly insufficient for counsel to prepare for depositions, especially in that it appears that Defendant's production will be provided, at the earliest, on the final day of document discovery.
- The current discovery schedule does not make provision for the religious holidays. The current discovery schedule provides eight business days to take eight depositions, a difficult proposition in normal circumstances. Here, however, counsel will also be unavailable for three of these days due to the religious holidays, making completion of depositions during this time period unrealistic.
- The current discovery schedule does not provide experts with the ability to consider deposition testimony in their reports. The current schedule provides for expert reports to be due concurrently with the close of fact discovery. This is an anomaly. Experts ordinarily consider witness testimony in drafting their reports, and there is no reason that the experts here should be required to issue their reports without the benefit of fully considering Mr. Khandekar's explanation of his actions, or to hear from the company regarding the execution of their policies and procedures and the related impropriety of Mr. Khandekar's actions. The schedule must be adjusted to provide time for the experts to review the deposition transcripts before producing their reports.
- <u>Defendant has no good reason to reject a reasonable extension to the discovery schedule.</u>

 There is an old Italian proverb "Chi passa a cavallo nun vede," which, roughly translated, means "He who passes by on horseback sees nothing." That degree of inspection is exactly

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what Defendant seeks by this breakneck schedule. Defendant took great care to remove all evidence of his surreptitious copying of Plaintiffs' predictors, deleting the folder from his directory containing these files, and wiping his work laptop clean before returning it to the company. However, a careful forensic review and a reasonably paced document discovery period will in all likelihood unearth the evidence Defendant took such pains to conceal.

Plaintiffs want to make clear that this request for an extension to the discovery schedule is in no way caused by Plaintiffs' delay. To comply with discovery as expeditiously and thoroughly as possible, Plaintiffs have undertaken extensive discovery and production efforts. Plaintiffs have made three productions of documents to Defendant of 10,804 pages of responsive material (compared to Defendant's two productions of 478 pages). Plaintiffs have reviewed complicated LINUX operating systems, engaged in time and labor-intensive efforts to create summary documents distilling large volumes of complex data from these systems for production to Defendant in a comprehensive fashion (compared to Defendant's production of photocopies of his employment contract, and other documents from his employment file). And Plaintiffs have worked daily and even hourly to coordinate with the independent third-party IT vendor engaged in full-time processing of Defendant's personal computers, phones and thumb drives (while Defendant has done nothing to assist in this process).

A chart containing the current expedited discovery schedule and a proposed revised discovery schedule are set forth below. The parties have met and conferred in accordance with Your Honor's Rules. Defendant has refused to agree to any reasonable extension of the current expedited discovery schedule. This is KCG's second request for an extension of the expedited discovery deadlines.

Event	Current Deadline	Proposed Deadline
Document Production	September 8	September 15
Fact Discovery (including Fact Depositions)	September 13-24	September 25-October 10
Service of Requests to Admit	September 24	October 10
Disclosure of Expert Reports	September 24	October 20
Rebuttal Reports	October 8	November 3
Expert Depositions	October 15	November 17

Plaintiffs also understand that Defendant intends to file a letter motion on certain discovery issues. This proposed schedule is thus contingent upon resolving those issues in sufficient time to comply with the schedule, or comply with a court ruling. If there is not sufficient time, the proposed schedule will need to be adjusted accordingly.

For the reasons set out above, we respectfully request that Plaintiffs' proposed extension, as set forth in Exhibit A hereto, be ordered by this Court.

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Respectfully Submitted,

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